

**Diocese of Fairbanks
Office of Religious Education
1316 Peger Rd
Fairbanks AK 99709
CONFIRMATION TEST
(Revised August 2011)**

Section 1: Knowledge of the Faith

1. The Bible is divided into two halves. The first half is called what?

2. The second half is called what?

3. The very first book of the Bible is?

4. The last book of the Bible is?

5. Name the four Gospels.

6. What book follows the Gospels?

7. What do we call the books that talk about the life and deeds of Christ?

8. What do we call the series of books that talk about the established early Church Communities? (Means letters)

9. What does the monogram "INRI" mean which Pontius Pilate had nailed on the cross?

10. Name two of the seven last words/phrases of Christ. (Some are multiple words)

11. He baptized with water, and was sent to prepare God's people for the coming of the Messiah.

- A. Daniel
- B. David
- C. John the Baptist
- D. Jeremiah

12. God revealed his law to his people through Moses by giving him the ...

- A. 8 Beatitudes
- B. 10 Commandments
- C. 7 Sacraments
- D. 7 gifts of the Holy Spirit

13. Name the three persons in the Trinity.

14. What did Christ do after the third day of his death?

15. Why did Jesus come into the world as a man?

16. Jesus, God's son is:

- A. Divine only
- B. Human only
- C. Human and divine
- D. None of these

17. What do we call the event when the angel appears to Mary and tells her she will be the Mother of God?

18. What do we call the event of Jesus' birth?

19. What do we call the event of the three kings (Magi) visiting the Child Jesus and bringing him gifts of gold, frankincense and myrrh?

20. Name four important Angels in Church History found in the Scriptures

21. Who are Adam & Eve?

22. Name some other biblical characters that have set examples for us through their commitments to their faith.

23. Who is St. Peter?

24. Who is St. Paul?

25. Name the Twelve Original Apostles and the Apostle who replaced Judas.

26. Who is the spiritual and moral leader of the Roman Catholic Church today and is the current Pope?

27. Who is our current Bishop?

28. Who is your current Parish Priest?

29. Who is your current Deacon?

30. When we say the church is apostolic, we affirm what?

- A. That Christ founded the Church on the Apostles.
- B. The Apostles received from Christ the authority to continue Christ's mission.
- C. The Apostles passed to their successors the authority to continue Christ's mission.
- D. All of the above.

31. What is the title of the bishop of Rome, who is the visible head of the Catholic Church, and the successor of St. Peter?

32. What group of men today has inherited the power of the Apostles for the Church today?

33. Name the Precepts of the Church.

34. Name the four marks of the Church:

35. To refrain from eating meat on Ash Wednesday and all Fridays in Lent is to?

36. To eat one large meal and two light meals with no food in between before or after is called the Law of what during Ash Wednesday and all Fridays of Lent?

37. Match the Holy Days of Obligation with their dates

- | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| a. December 8 th | ___ | All Saints |
| b. December 25 th | ___ | Assumption of Mary |
| c. January 1 st | ___ | Solemnity of the Mother of God |
| d. August 15 th | ___ | Christmas |
| e. November 1 st | ___ | Immaculate Conception |
| f. 40 Days after Easter | ___ | Ascension of the Lord |

Section 2: Knowledge of the meaning of Liturgy and the Sacraments

PART A. LITURGY

38. A gathering of people to pray, which is public worship of God in the Catholic Church is called what?

- A. Liturgy
- B. Private prayer
- C. Rosary
- D. Stations of the Cross

39. The greatest act of worship by the church or the highest liturgy is what?

- A. Prayer
- B. Rosary
- C. The Mass
- D. Benediction

40. What ministries may Lay People participate in for the health of the Parish Community that involves Liturgy/Rites & Rituals?

41. Name the two principal halves of the Mass.

42. "Mass Match" – Match the words in the first column with the phrase in the second column

- a. Sign of the Cross
- b. Confiteor/Kyrie
- c. Gloria
- d. Old Testament Epistle
- e. Responsorial Psalm
- f. New Testament Epistle
- g. Alleluia
- h. Gospel
- i. Homily
- j. Nicene Creed
- k. Prayers of the Faithful
- l. Offertory
- m. Holy, Holy, Holy
- n. Consecration/Transubstantiation
- o. Mystery of Faith
- p. Our Father
- q. Sign of Peace
- r. Lamb of God
- s. Holy Eucharist/Communion
- t. Prayer of Thanksgiving
- u. Final Blessing
- v. Dismissal

- ___ Our Mass has ended, go in peace to Love and Serve the Lord
- ___ Priest blesses us with The Sign of the Cross
- ___ Prayer after Communion
- ___ The Sacrament Jesus gave us at the Last Supper
- ___ Prayer before Communion
- ___ We greet our neighbor in peace, communion, and charity
- ___ We pray the words our Savior gave us
- ___ When we eat this Bread and drink this Cup, we proclaim you death O Lord, until you come again
- ___ The moment our earthly gifts become the Most Precious Body and Blood of Jesus
- ___ Join with the Choirs of Angels
- ___ Earthly gifts of bread and wine brought up to the Altar
- ___ Congregation says "Hear our prayer"
- ___ Outline of what we believe as Catholics
- ___ Priest teaches us about our faith
- ___ the Good News proclaimed
- ___ Gospel Acclamation
- ___ Second Reading
- ___ Between the readings the cantor/choir sings and the congregation responds
- ___ First Reading
- ___ Prayer in praise of God
- ___ Prayers of reconciliation/Penitential Rite
- ___ Prayer that begins & ends the Mass

43. Match the Season of the Church with the corresponding color of the vestments

- | | | |
|------------------|-----|--------|
| a. Advent | ___ | Green |
| b. Christmas | ___ | Purple |
| c. Ordinary Time | ___ | White |
| d. Lent | ___ | White |
| e. Easter | ___ | Purple |

44. How many weeks in the season of Lent?

45. What day for Roman Catholics begins the season of Lent?

46. What do we call the day Christ died in the Catholic calendar?

47. This is the most important Sunday of the Church year; it ends the season of Lent. In fact every Sunday is a mini celebration of this highest of church feasts.

48. Forty Days after Easter (celebrated on a Thursday or the following Sunday)

49. This Sunday is a commemoration of the arrival of the Holy Spirit in the form of fiery tongues; occurs 50 days after Easter and ends the Easter Season.

50. This Sunday begins the new church year on the church calendar of Sundays.

51. This Sunday ends the Church year of Sundays and celebrates the Kingship of Christ?

52. How many weeks in the season of Advent?

53. What do we call the event of Jesus' birth?

PART B. SACRAMENTS

54. What is a sacrament?

55. Name the seven sacraments. (In any order)

56. Who instituted all of the sacraments that we have today?

57. What are the three Sacraments of Initiation?

58. What are "Sacraments of Initiation"---what does this term mean?

59. The sign/matter of this sacrament is water.

60. Fill in the form/words for the Sacrament of Baptism.

61. Why do we light a Baptismal candle from the Larger Paschal Candle?

62. What does the “white garment” symbolize?

**63. Write an Act of Contrition (you may use the standard prayer or write it in your own words)
An Act of Contrition**

64. Who is the ordinary minister of the Sacrament of Reconciliation?

65. In Matthew 22: 37-40 Jesus spoke of the greatest and first commandment which pertains to God and then a second commandment which pertains to our neighbors. Name those two commandments.

66. Write out the Ten Commandments. (The first three deal with God; the last seven deal with our neighbors.)

67. The breakdown of our relationship with God is called what?

- A. Love
- B. Hope
- C. Sin
- D. Holiness

68. What is the sin of Adam and Eve called that is inherited by all humankind?

69. This type of sin does not separate us from God, but does weaken our relationship with Him.

70. This type of sin does cut off our relationship with God and does take a sacramental confession to regain our relationship with him. It should be noted that a perfect contrition could heal the bond but one who has a perfect contrition should heal the relationship with a sacramental confession at their first opportunity. What type of sin are we talking about here?

71. What are the three conditions of a serious sin?

72. Name two of the seven Capital Sins?

73. Match the following word with correct definition.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1. Murder | A. The deliberate termination of one's own life |
| 2. Abortion | B. The deliberate destruction of an unborn child |
| 3. Suicide | C. The killing of an innocent person |
| 4. Euthanasia | D. The active and deliberate termination of life of another who is suffering |

74. Reconciliation /forgiveness require four elements, what are they?

75. The signs/matter of this sacrament is bread and wine.

76. At the Last Supper, Christ instituted the sacraments of what?

- A. Holy Eucharist and Holy Orders
- B. Baptism and Reconciliation
- C. Anointing of the Sick and Marriage
- D. Confirmation and Penance

77. The bread and wine become the Body and Blood of Christ during what part of the Mass

78. Fill in the matter/ form/words for the Sacrament of Confirmation.

Matter: _____

Form: _____

Words: _____

79. How many times can the Sacrament of Confirmation be received? And why?

80. The ordinary of this sacrament is a bishop.

81. Name the seven Gifts of the Holy Spirit (Isaiah 11:2-3; CCC 1831).

82. Name four of the fruits of the Spirit. (Galatians 5: 22-23; CCC 1832)

83. Confirmation completes the grace of Baptism by a special outpouring of the gifts of what Person of the Holy Trinity?

84. Who may receive the Sacrament of Confirmation?

85. This sacrament includes anointing with oil. You receive it when you are sick or in danger of death.

86. Name the two Sacraments of Healing:

87. Who may anoint the sick?

88. How many times may you be anointed?

89. The people who administer this sacrament are the couple.

90. Name the sacrament by which a man becomes a priest and who ordains him.

91. Name the three sacraments that confer an indelible mark on your soul.

Section 3: Knowledge of Prayer

92. Write out the Sign of the Cross:

93. Write out the "Our Father".

94. Write out the "Hail Mary".

95. Write out the "Glory Be"

96. Write out the Apostles Creed.

Section 4: Knowledge of moral formation.

97. Why did God make you?

98. What is "grace"?

99. What is Sanctifying Grace?

100. What is Actual Grace?

101. Name the four Cardinal Virtues

102. Name the three Theological Virtues

103. Name four of the Corporal Works of Mercy.

104. Name four of the Spiritual Works of Mercy.

105. Name the patron saint or event in the life of Jesus and Mary associated with your Parish, the Patron Saint of our Diocese and our Nation?

Parish: _____

Diocese of Fairbanks: _____

Nation: _____

Section 5: Knowledge of how to live in community and participate actively in how the missionary spirit can be present to society.

106. Name the eight Beatitudes from the Gospels of Matthew and Luke. These are the attitudes we should have in our life according to Jesus.

107. Jesus came to save who?

- A. Good people
- B. Pagans
- C. Jews
- D. All people

108. Match each of the Seven Key Themes of Catholic Social Teaching with a short definition

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Life & Dignity of the Human Person | ___ everyone works & plays, family is important |
| 2. Call to Family, Community, Participation | ___ rendering to each person his/her due |
| 3. Rights & Responsibilities | ___ roles of government & voluntary associations |
| 4. Option for the Poor & Vulnerable | ___ protect our environment |
| 5. Dignity of Work/ Rights of Workers | ___ loving our global neighbor |
| 6. Solidarity | ___ needs of others first |
| 7. Care for God's Creation | ___ image of God, worthy of respect, life if precious |

109. The Church's teaching on human life and dignity leads the Church to

- a. Oppose abortion as a preeminent threat to human life
- b. Oppose assisted suicide
- c. Oppose the use of the death penalty
- d. Work to end world hunger
- e. All of the above

110. The central social institution is

- a. The individual
- b. Marriage and the family
- c. The government
- d. The Church
- e. All of the above

111. People have a right to

- a. Life
- b. Food and clothing
- c. Housing and health care
- d. Employment
- e. All of the above